

**Tentamen Manifolds 1, 19-1-2016**

**Exercise 1**

- a. For any  $p \in S^1 \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  write down a parameterization of  $S^1$  around  $p$  and derive an explicit expression for  $T_p S^1$ .
- b. Give an example of a vector field on  $S^1$  that is non-zero at every point.
- c. Define  $\omega = dx \wedge dy$  on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  and  $X$  any smooth vector field on  $S^1$ . For any  $p \in S^1$  and  $v \in T_p S^1$  define  $\eta(p)(v) = \omega(p)(X(p), v)$ . Prove that  $\eta$  is a smooth 1-form on  $S^1$ .
- d. Compute  $d\eta$  for the 1-form from part c.
- e. Let  $f : S^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be the map defined by  $f(x, y) = xy$ . For your vector field  $X$  from part b, compute  $Df(p)(X(p))$ .

**Exercise 2** In this exercise we denote the coordinates in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  by  $x^1, x^2, x^3, x^4$ . Define  $\phi, \psi : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$  by  $\phi(s, t) = (s, s + t, t, s - t)$  and  $\psi(s, t) = (t, s, s, s)$  and  $Im(\phi) = A$  and  $Im(\psi) = B$ . The plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is oriented by  $ds \wedge dt$ .

- a. Show that the 2-form  $\eta = dx^1 \wedge dx^2$ , when restricted to  $A$  defines an orientation on  $A$  and the same for  $B$ .
- b. Define a map  $F : A \rightarrow B$  by  $F(p, q, r, s) = (r, s, s, s)$ . Is  $F : A \rightarrow B$  orientation preserving with respect to the orientations of  $A$  and  $B$  chosen in part a?
- c. Compute the curvature of  $\pi(A) \subset \mathbb{R}^3$  in the point  $(0, 0, 0)$ , where  $\pi : \mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$  is defined by  $\pi(x^1, x^2, x^3, x^4) = (x^2, x^3, x^4)$ .

**Exercise 3** Suppose  $A$  and  $B$  are oriented compact  $n$ -manifolds without boundary,  $B$  is connected and  $f : A \rightarrow B$  is a smooth map.

- a. From now on suppose  $A$  is the disjoint union of two connected subsets  $A_1, A_2$ . Explain why  $A_1$  and  $A_2$  must also be compact smooth oriented  $n$ -manifolds.
- b. Even though  $A$  is disconnected, define  $deg(f) = \int_A f^* \omega$  where  $\int_B \omega = 1$  for some  $\omega \in \Lambda^n(B)$ . Prove that  $deg(f)$  is independent of the choice of  $\omega$ .
- c. Now assume  $X$  is an oriented connected compact  $n + 1$  manifold with boundary  $A = A_1 \cup A_2$  and  $F : X \rightarrow B$  is a smooth map. Show that  $deg(F|_{A_1}) + deg(F|_{A_2}) = 0$ .

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**Exercise 4**

- a. Consider two vector fields  $X, Y$  with non-degenerate zeros on  $S^{16}$ . What is  $Index(X) - Index(Y)$ ? Explain your answer.
- b. If  $M$  is a compact manifold, and  $p, q, r \in M$  are distinct points, show that there exists a smooth function  $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $f(p) = 19$ ,  $f(q) = 1$  and  $f(r) = 2016$ .

$\int_K f^* \omega = \frac{Vol(M)}{2} Index(X)$